All Hazards Checklist for Disaster Preparedness

v	General Preparation – Create Your Plan
	Obtain a 3-ring binder to organize all your printed disaster / all hazards references and resources.
	Visit the following webpages and print the PDF documents or web page contents and place
	in your 3-ring binder for reference during an emergency – you may not be able to access them electronically in an emergency / disaster.
	The National Weather Service All Hazards Webpage: http://www.weather.gov/safety/
	The CDC All Hazards Approach to Disasters: <u>http://www.weather.gov/safety/</u> Downloadable PDF.
	CDC Emergency Preparedness and Response Webpage:
	https://emergency.cdc.gov/preparedness/kit/disasters/
	Has a great information on gathering an Emergency Supply Kit as well as other helpful links
	The CDC All Hazards Approach to Disasters: <u>http://www.weather.gov/safety/</u> Downloadable PDF.
	Ready.Gov – Department of Homeland Security: Building an Emergency Kit: <u>https://www.ready.gov/build-a-kit</u> Includes information on assembling a basic disaster supplies kit as well as links to additional helpful
	resources.
	FEMA Emergency Supply List Check Sheet: <u>https://www.fema.gov/media-library-</u>
	data/1390846764394-dc08e309debe561d866b05ac84daf1ee/checklist_2014.pdf Downloadable PDF.
	Disaster Assistance.gov has resources for which areas are declared disasters, tracking disasters of all types: <u>https://www.disasterassistance.gov/</u>
	Hurricane Specific Preparedness Resources
	FEMA: How to Prepare for a Hurricane: <u>https://www.fema.gov/media-library-data/1494007144395-b0e215ae1ba6ac1b556f084e190e5862/FEMA_2017_Hurricane_HTP_FINAL.pdf</u> Downloadable PDF
	National Weather Service – Hurricane Resources Page:
	http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/hurricane/index.shtml
	National Weather Service / NOAA Planning for a Hurricane: http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/hurricane/plan.shtml
	Ready.Gov – Department of Homeland Security: Hurricanes: <u>https://www.ready.gov/hurricanes</u>
	National Weather Service / NOAA – Hurricane Brochure: http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/hurricane/resources/hurricane-brochure17.pdf
	Downloadable PDF.

American Red Cross Hurricane Safety Checklist: <u>https://www.redcross.org/images/MEDIA_CustomProductCatalog/m4340160_Hurricane.pdf</u>			
Downloadable PDF.			
NCDOT Evacuation Information: https://www.ncdot.gov/travel/evacuationmaps/			
NCDOT Evacuation mormation. <u>https://www.ncdot.gov/travel/evacuationmaps/</u>			
Communications			
Turn on your cell phone emergency alert app.			
Subscribe to Campbell University Alerts:			
https://www.e2campus.net/my/campbell/signup.htm			
Access the CU emergency hotline for up-to-date information: 910-814-5700 / 1-800-760-8980			
Check CUSOM social media on Facebook, Twitter and Instagram for updates on CUSOM status			
including clinical rotation sites.			
Sign up for the FEMA Mobile App: <u>https://www.fema.gov/mobile-app</u>			
Sign up for the Ready NC App : https://readync.org			
Includes information such as road closures and shelter locations for anywhere in North Carolina	1		
Create an Emergency Communication Plan: <u>https://www.fema.gov/media-library-</u>			
data/1440449346150-1ff18127345615d8b7e1effb4752b668/Family_Comm_Plan_508_201508	20.pdf		
Downloadable PDF.			
Secure a battery-powered or hand crank radio and a NOAA Weather Radio with tone alert and	extra		
batteries for both.			
Charge all cellphones and any spare power packs or charging banks.			
Charge all laptops and tablets.			
Review FEMA information regarding Emergency Alerts: <u>https://www.ready.gov/alerts</u> . Print or	fthe		
website information and place in your Emergency / All Hazards folder.			
Store important emergency contact numbers in your phone (utilities etc.).			
Share evacuation plans with family & friends so they know where you will be.			
Food and Water			
Water—at least a 3-day supply; one gallon per person per day.			
Don't forget to add additional water for mixing formula if you have children and for your pets.	Rotate		
the drinking water each year.			
Purchased bottled water that has been sealed is best for storage. It meets FDA guidelines for fo	od and		
is not as vulnerable to temperature changes as unsealed water.			
Store extra containers of water to be used for flushing toilets, cleaning, and bathing.			
Run ice makers well in advance of a hurricane and bag the ice. Fill the space between your free items as much as you can. A full freezer will stay cooler longer.	zer		
Purchase water purification tablets (Halazone) to be used if you still have running water but are	told		
to boil water before using it. This allows you to fill the bathtub and other containers without			
purchasing expensive drinking water.			
Print off information on water preparedness and place in your Emergency / All Hazards Folder:			
https://www.ready.gov/water			
Household chlorine bleach and medicine dropper – When diluted nine parts water to one part			
bleach can be used as a disinfectant. In an emergency, you can use it to treat water by using 16	drops		

	of regular household liquid bleach per gallon of water. Do not use scented or color safe bleach or
	bleaches with added cleaners.
	Food – non-perishable, easy to prepare items (for each person, assemble a three-day supply for
	evacuation, two week supply for home).
	For an example non-perishable food-list, see
	https://www.cdc.gov/phpr/documents/ahpg_final_march_2013.pdf
	Also see a list of non-perishable food at the end of this document.
	Visit the CDC: Emergency Food Supplies Website at
	https://emergency.cdc.gov/preparedness/kit/food/index.asp and print a copy to add to your
	Emergency / All Hazards Folder.
	Gatorade or Pedialyte for rehydration.
	Tools and Supplies
	Fill all vehicle gas tanks
	 Fill all vehicle gas tanks. Flashlights and lanterns – newer LED models have much better lighting capability and extended
	battery life
	Extra batteries for flashlights and other important devices (including smoke and carbon monoxide
	detectors)
	Candles and matches in a waterproof container. NOTE: due to the risk of fire, battery powered
	lanterns and flashlights should be used instead of candles whenever possible
	Extra cash (enough to sustain you for a 2-week period). Access ATMs well in advance of any
	approaching storm.
	Multi-purpose tool with tools such as screwdrivers, saws, knife, pliers, can opener etc.
	Tools/supplies for securing your home (tarps, roofing nails, screws, duct tape, plywood etc.).
	Hammer, handsaw, razor knife, screwdriver.
	Bucket, mop, broom, cleaning solution
	Extra set of car keys and house keys
	Camera for photos of damage
	Whistle
	Maps of the local area
	Manual can opener
	Paper cups, plates and plastic utensils
	Paper towels
	Plastic garbage bags
	Aluminum foil
_	Household bleach (do not use scented, color safe bleach, or bleaches with added cleaners)
_	Fire extinguisher
_	Dust mask
	Wrench or pliers to turn off utilities
	Sleeping bag or warm blanket for each person; pillows
	Pencil and paper
	Rain gear
	Hat
	Sunglasses

Sturdy shoes / boots		
Insect repellent and sunscreen		
Propane if you have a gas grill		
 Extra clothes		
 Fill your car gas tank		
Health and Personal Hygiene Supplies		
7 day supply of all prescription medicines (and necessary over the counter medicines)		
First Aid Kit – see below for list of recommended supplies		
Soap, including waterless soap		
Toothbrush and toothpaste		
Contact lenses and solution; Glasses		
Baby wipes / moist towelettes for personal hygiene		
Feminine hygiene supplies		
Toilet paper		
Other personal hygiene supplies (shampoo, deodorant etc.)		
Others / Miscellaneous		
Copies of important documents such as identification, insurance cards and policies, passports, birth		
 certificates, immunization records, bank accounts etc. ideally in a waterproof container		
 Paperwork regarding any serious or on-going medical condition		
 Games, books, cards		
Behavioral Health Resources		
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) – Disaster App:		
https://www.store.samhsa.gov/apps/disaster/index.html?WT.mc_id=WB_20131219_DISASTERAPP_4 00x225		
SAMHSA Publications and Resources on Disaster Preparedness, Response & Recovery:		
https://www.samhsa.gov/disaster-preparedness/publications-resources		
For Pets		
Food and water: A 3-day supply of food and water for each pet. A cat or a dog will generally need 1		
gallon for three days. Bowls or bottles. Manual can opener		
Cleaning Supplies: •Depending on the pet, you may need a litter box, paper towels, plastic trash bags,		
grooming items, and household bleach		
Health and Safety: Medicines and medical records stored in a waterproof container. First aid kit with a pet first aid book		

Transport supplies: A sturdy leash, harness, and carrier to transport pets safely. A carrier should be large enough for the animal to stand comfortably, turn around, and lie down. Your pet may have to stay in the carrier for several hours.
Comfort Items: Pet toys and bed
Paperwork: Current photos and descriptions of your pets to help others identify them, and to prove that they are your pets, in case you become separated from them. Information on feeding schedules, medical conditions, behavior problems, and the name and telephone number of your veterinarian in case you have to board your pets or place them in foster care.
For Children
Baby supplies like bottles, formula, baby food, and diapers
Games and activities for children
Medical and immunization records, birth certificates etc.
Any required medications – at least a 1 week supply
Home Preparation for Those Not Evacuating
Ensure you have enough food, water, medications, and other supplies in your survival kit to last at least 2 weeks.
Fill all vehicle gas tanks.
Turn refrigerator to coldest setting and keep closed.
Turn off propane tanks.
Unplug small appliances.
Fill bathtub and other containers with water for cleaning and flushing.
Clean / sanitize at least one bathtub & fill with water 24-hours before the storm hits. Make sure your tub will hold water through a storm by filling it with about 2 inches of water and checking on it after a couple of hours. If the water is lower, replace your stopper and try again.
If possible, cover all windows and other openings with hardened protections. If you do not have manufactured shutters, cut plywood and secure to protect the windows.
Close all interior doors and brace outer doors.
Select an interior room to use as a safe room.
Plan as though you were evacuating and have enough cash on hand to sustain purchasing of gas, food, and other supplies in the days following the storm.
If you have a generator, ensure you have enough gas on hand to sustain usage for several days.

Store family heirlooms & photos in plastic bins in a high place, second floor, attic, or safe room if you can't take them with you.

Non-perishable Food:

- Maintain at least 3-7 days of food for each member of the family.
- Small, preferably single serving cans (should not require cooking or refrigeration). Dried fruit, peanut butter and jelly, coffee, tea, soft drinks and pet foods.
- Ready-to-eat canned meats, fruits and vegetables.
- Canned juices, milk, soup (if powdered, store extra water).
- Staples sugar, salt, pepper in water proof containers.
- High energy foods like crackers, granola bars, trail mix.
- Raw vegetables that do not need refrigeration.
- Fresh bread.
- Comfort/stress foods cookies, hard candy, sweetened cereals, lollipops, instant coffee, tea bags.
- Sterno for cooking.
- Food for infants

First Aid Kit Contents - minimal

- 2 compress dressings (5 x 9 inches)
- 25 band-aids (different sizes)
- First-aid tape
- Antibiotic ointment
- Hydrocortisone ointment
- Aspirin and ibuprofen
- Instant cold pack
- 2 pair of medical gloves (non-latex)
- Oral thermometer, scissors, tweezers
- 2 roller bandages (different widths)
- 2 elastic bandages
- 10 sterile gauze pads (different sizes)
- 2 triangular bandages (for making slings)
- First aid instruction booklet
- Triangular bandages
- Safety pins
- Tweezers
- Scissors
- Acetaminophen
- Antihistamine

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